# M.A. PSYCHOLOGY SEMESTER I

#### ${\bf SUBJECT\ NAME-CLINICAL\ PSYCHOLOGY}$

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-101**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To familiarize with the history and development of clinical psychology as a field in India and its evolving professional identity.
- To orient students to major theoretical models which guide clinical psychological practice and research
- To orient about clinical assessment process and its application in various domains.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1-Describe Holistic approach of clinical Psychology.
- COs 2- Adept with Professional setup of clinical psychology in India.
- COs 3- Provide assistance in clinical practices.

Block-1:	Introduction to Clinical Psychology:
Unit 1:	History of Clinical Psychology: Tracing the origins and evolution of clinical
	psychology as a field, from early psychological practices to modern approaches.
Unit 2:	Role of World Wars in Shaping Clinical Psychology: How the two World
	Wars impacted the development of clinical psychology, including advances in
	mental health treatment and the rise of psychotherapy.
Unit 3:	The Task and Work Settings of a Clinical Psychologist: The various duties
	and responsibilities of clinical psychologists in different environments like
	hospitals, clinics, private practice, etc.
Unit 4:	Related Professional Psychology Sub-fields: An exploration of the various
	branches of psychology related to clinical psychology, such as counseling
	psychology, forensic psychology, and neuropsychology.

Block-2:	Theories and Models in Clinical Psychology

Unit 1:	Psychoanalytic Approach: Introduction to Freud's theory and its influence on
	clinical psychology, focusing on the unconscious mind and defense mechanisms.
Unit 2:	<b>Behavioral Approach</b> : A focus on observable behavior, learning principles
	(e.g., classical and operant conditioning), and techniques used to modify
	behavior.
Unit 3:	Humanistic Approach: An exploration of humanistic psychology, emphasizing
	personal growth, self-actualization, and the importance of empathy and
	unconditional positive regard.
Unit 4:	Attempt at Integration: Bio-Psycho-Social Model: Understanding mental
	health through the lens of biological, psychological, and social factors,
	integrating multiple perspectives for comprehensive treatment.

Block-3:	Assessment and Evaluation
Unit 1:	Clinical Interview: Techniques for gathering information from clients through
	structured or unstructured interviews to assess mental health.
Unit 2:	Mental Status Examination: A systematic assessment of a client's cognitive,
	emotional, and psychological functioning.
Unit 3:	Case History: Collecting detailed information about the client's life, family,
	history, and previous mental health treatments.
Unit 4:	Diagnostic Impression: Forming an initial clinical judgment based on
	assessment data to identify potential psychological conditions.
Unit 5:	Psychological Testing: Introduction to standardized tests and tools used to
	evaluate cognitive abilities, personality traits, and mental health disorders.

Block-4:	Clinical Interventions and Treatments
Unit 1:	Psychotherapy Types: An overview of various therapy approaches, including:
	<ul> <li>Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT): Techniques for challenging and changing negative thought patterns.</li> <li>Psychodynamic Therapy: Exploration of unconscious processes and past experiences to understand current behavior.</li> <li>Other therapy models like Humanistic Therapy, Interpersonal Therapy, etc.</li> </ul>
Unit 2:	Ethical Considerations in Clinical Practice: Understanding the ethical issues
	faced by clinical psychologists, including confidentiality, informed consent, and boundaries.

Unit 3:	Short-Term and Intermittent Long-Term Therapy Models: Brief	
	interventions aimed at resolving specific issues. Therapy that is provided	
	intermittently but over a long period to address chronic or complex issues.	
Unit 4:	Cognitive behaviour and social skills training model, the therapeutic contracting	
	Programme (Heinseen, levendusky and Hunter, 1995)	

Block-5:	Clinical Settings	
Unit 1:	Hospitals, Clinics, and Private Practices: The various settings in which	
	clinical psychologists work, each with its own demands and challenges.	
Unit 2:	Collaborations with Other Healthcare Professionals: The importance of	
	teamwork and interdisciplinary approaches in providing comprehensive care to	
	clients.	
Unit 3:		
	<ul> <li>4.1 Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI): Overview of regulatory bodies that oversee the practice of clinical psychology in India.</li> <li>4.2 RINPAS (Ranchi Institute of Neuro-Psychiatry &amp; Allied Sciences), NIMHANS (National Institute of Mental Health and Neurosciences), IBHAS (Institute of Behavioral Health &amp; Allied Sciences), NIEPID (National Institute for the Empowerment of Persons with Intellectual Disabilities): Key institutions that provide training, research, and services related to clinical psychology in India.</li> </ul>	

- 1. Llewelyn, S., Murphy, D. (Eds.) (2014). What is clinical psychology? Oxford UK: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Bellack, A. S., & Hersen, M. (1980). Introduction to clinical psychology. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Korchin, S. J. (1986). Modern clinical psychology. Delhi: CRR Publishers and Distributors.
- 4. Ray, S. D. (1996). The practice of psychotherapy. New Delhi: New Age International.

#### **TEXT BOOK**

1. Veeraraghavan, V., & Singh, S. (2014). A textbook of Abnormal and Clinical Psychology. Mcgraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.

# COURSE DETAILS – 2 SUBJECT NAME – YOGA PSYCHOLOGY SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-102

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To initiate the understanding of psychological knowledge within yoga and meditation linking with the idea of mental health and well-being.
- To deepen the practice of yoga and meditation systems and linking to applications in various contexts.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able:

- CO 1- To achieve spiritual and mental wellbeing.
- CO 2- To promote ancient Indian Knowledge.
- CO 3 -To understand human behaviour as per Yogic Perspectives.

Block-1:	Introduction to Yoga Psychology
Unit 1:	Overview of Yoga and Yoga Psychology: Historical Development of Yoga
	over the ages including a brief philosophical overview (Patanjali yoga),
	principles, and the relationship between body and mind.
Unit 2:	Yoga and Mental Health: The benefits of yoga for emotional balance, stress
	relief, and cognitive clarity.
Unit 3:	Mind-Body Connection: Understanding how yoga influences both
	psychological and physical well-being.

Block-2:	Core Principles of Yoga Psychology
Unit 1:	Vivekananda framework of Raja Yoga, Karma Yoga, Swami Ramdev and his
	ideas.
Unit 2:	The Yoga Sutras and the Mind: Key concepts such as Yamas, Niyamas, and
	the 8 Limbs of Yoga (Ashtanga Yoga).
Unit 3:	Understanding the Mind: Exploration of different aspects of the mind (Manas,
	Buddhi, Ahamkara, Chitta).

Unit 4:	Fundamental text of Yoga Psychology : Samadhi Paada- Concepts Svaroopa,
	Samsskara, Vasana, Viveka, Vairagya and Ishwar.

Block-3:	Practicum Applications of Yoga Psychology		
Unit 1:	Breath work and Meditation: Techniques like Pranayama (breathing		
	exercises) and meditation for relaxation and mental focus.		
Unit 2:	Yoga for Motivation and Self-Discipline: How yoga psychology fosters self-		
	motivation, discipline, and a positive mindset.		
Unit 3:	Mindfulness Practices: Using mindfulness to enhance awareness,		
	concentration, and emotional regulation.		

Block-4:	Personal Growth and Transformation Through Yoga Psychology
Unit 1:	<b>Self-Realization and Transformation</b> : Yoga as a tool for personal development and spiritual growth
Unit 2:	Overcoming Limiting Beliefs: Using yoga to break through mental barriers and negative thought patterns.
Unit 3:	<b>Building a Holistic Approach to Life</b> : Incorporating yoga psychology into everyday life for mental, emotional, and physical well-being.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- 1. Taimni, I. K. (1961). The science of yoga. Adyar, India: The Theosophical Society of India.
- **2.** Feuerstein, G. (2002). The yoga tradition: Its history, literature, philosophy and practice. Delhi, India Bhavana Books and Prints.
- **3.** Jacobsen, K. A., Larson, G. J. (2005). Theory and practice of yoga: Essays in honour of Gerald James Larson. Leiden, Holland: Brill.
- **4.** Vivekananda, S. (1982).Raja yoga or conquering the internal nature. Calcutta, India: Advaita Ashram.

#### **SUBJECT NAME - COGNITION & EMOTION**

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-103**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

The course will

- Introduce the basic Psychological processes through scientific experiments.
- Explain various mental processes: attention and consciousness, memory processes, reasoning and decision making.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1- Explain perceptual and emotional processes.
- COs 2- Apply holistic approach of Emotion along with decision making power.
  - COs 3- Describe Meta- cognitive knowledge and Meta cognitive regulations

Block-1:	Attention and Perceptual Processes	
Unit 1:	Introduction to Attention, Perceptual Processes, Attention Models	
Unit 2:	Perceptual organization: Gestalt Principles: Proximity, Similarity, Continuity,	
	Closure, and Connectedness. Role of attention in perceptual organization.	
Unit 3:	Attentional Control and Cognitive Load, Attentional Disorders, Factors	
	Affecting Attention	
Unit 4:	Applications of Attention and Perception: Real-world examples: driving, sports,	
	design, human-computer interaction.Implications for improving attentional	
	control and perceptual accuracy.	

Block-2:	Memory and Forgetting

Unit 1:	Memory processes: encoding, storage, retrieval, Types of memory (Sensory,	
	STM and LTM), determinants of memory, and methods for enhancement of	
	memory	
Unit 2:	Forgetting: Concepts, Causes, and Theories	

Block-3:	Emotion and Emotional Regulation	
Unit 1:	Physiology of emotion,	
Unit 2:	Types of emotion as per psychological and yogic perspective,	
Unit 3:	Emotional intelligence, emotional regulation and controlling strategies of	
	emotion	

Block-4:	Thinking and Problem solving	
Unit 1:	Thinking – Meaning and Types, Language and thinking	
Unit 2:	Problem solving: types, strategies and obstacles.	
Unit 3:	Meta-cognition: meta-cognitive knowledge and meta-cognitive regulations	

Block-5:	Decision Making	
Unit 1:	Nature, types and models	
Unit 2:	Factors affecting decision making ability	

- 1. M.R. D'Amato (1979). Experimental Psychology: Methodology, Psychophysics and learning. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. B.E. Goldstein (2002). Sanstation and Perception. USA: Wadsworth.
- 3. J.W. Kling and L.A. Riggs (1984). Woodworth and Schlosberg's Experimental Psychology. New Delhi: Khosla Publishing House.
- 4. R.L. Solso (2001). Congnitive Psychology, Singapore: Pearson Education.
- 5. A. Baddley (1997). Human Memory: Theory and Practice. New Yark: Psychology Press.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Suleiman, M. (2009). Ucchtar Samaj Manovigyan. New Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Das.
- 2. Singh, R.N. (2001). Modern Social Psychology. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir

#### SUBJECT NAME – PERSONALITY: ASSESSMENT AND DEVELOPMENT SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-104

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To develop an understanding of the concept of individual difference.
- To develop an appreciation of the biological and social impact on personality.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1- Describe holistic approach about personality along with its various dimensions.
- COs 2- Explain about various important theories related to the personalities.
- COs 3- Utilize social learning and cognitive concepts of personality in their lives.

Block-1:	Concept and Definition of Personality	
Unit 1:	Meaning and definition of Personality	
Unit 2:	Views on self and Personality: Upanishad, Bhagavad Geeta and Gautam	
	Buddhaji	

Block-2:	Trait and type of Approaches
Unit 1:	Allport: structure, dynamic and growth of personality research and assessment, evaluation of Allport's theory,
Unit 2:	R. B. Cattell: structure, dynamic and development of personality, measurement of personality and research methods, evaluation of Cattell's theory. Five dimensional model of personality.

Block-3:	Social Learning and Cognitive theories

Unit 1:	Bandura's Theory: concept of reciprocal Determinism, self-system, motivation, modelling: learning by observation, measurement of research, Evaluation of		
	Bandura's theory		
Unit 2:	George Kelley: structure, dynamics and development, research and measurement		
	of personality.		

Block-4:	Personality Assessment Techniques with Clinical Practice
Unit 1:	Personality disorders: Diagnosis and treatment
Unit 2:	Projective tests (e.g., Rorschach, TAT)
Unit 3:	Structured interviews, Self-report inventories (e.g., MMPI, NEO-PI)
Unit 4:	Ethical considerations in personality assessment

- 1. .G.C. Hall, G. Lindzey and J.C. Campbell (1998). Theories of Personality. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. W. Mischel (1976). Introduction to Personality. New York: Holt Reinhart and Winston.
- 3. R.M. Rchman (2000). Theories of Personality. USA: Thomson Wadsworth.
- 4. R. Frager and J. Fadiman (1998). Personality and Personal Growth, New York: Longman.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. R.B. Tripathi and R.N. Singh (2001). Psychology of Personality Varansi :Gangasran and Grand Sons.
- 2. Singh, A.K. and Singh, A. K (2010). The Psychology of personality. New Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Das.

#### SUBJECT NAME - PRACTICUM I

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-105**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- The course aims to deliver Practicum and in-depth experience in accordance to the principles learnt in the theory courses covering the areas of verbal learning, memory, forgetting etc.
- To provide the students with the Practicum knowledge of conducting various experiments and Psychological Tests.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- COs1- Conduct test administration and interpretation of tests.
- COs2- Explain psychological characteristics of human beings

#### **List of Practicums:**

#### Any five of the following:¬

- 1. Marital Adjustment Inventory
- 2. Emotional Competency
- 3. Depth Perception
- 4. Eysenck Personality Inventory
- 5. Sixteen Personality Factors
- 6. Retroactive Interference
- 7. Reaction time
- 8. Division of attention
- 9. Mirror Drawing Apparatus
- 10. Effect of noise of attention

## COURSE DETAILS – 6 SUBJECT NAME – HYGIENE, DIET AND NUTRITION

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-GE-106 (Elective)**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Understand the concept of diet and the medical value of nutrition.
- Advise appropriate diet to different age groups.

#### Course Outcomes (COs):

#### After the completion of this course the student will be able to

- COs 1- Explain the basic concepts and components of food and nutrition.
- COs 2- Gain expertise in the field of Hygiene, diet & Nutrition and its role in life.
- COs 3- Keep themselves healthy in all aspects

Block-1:	Basic concepts and components of food and nutrition	
Unit 1:	Definition of Nutrition, Basic Terminology, Human Nutritional Requirements	
Unit 2:	Concept of Food and Its Functions- What is Food, Acceptance of Food,	
	Functions of Food	
Unit 3:	Components of Food and Their Classification-Macro Nutrients, Micro Nutrients,	
	Water	
Unit 4:	Nutrients and Their Sources, Functions, and Effects on the Body-	
	Macronutrients, Micronutrients, Minerals, Water	

Block-2:	Food Groups
Unit 1:	Cereals & Millets
Unit 2:	Pulses, Nuts, and Oilseeds
Unit 3:	Milk and Milk Products
Unit 4:	Vegetables and Fruits
Unit 5:	Fats, Oils, Sugar, and Jiggery

Block-3:	Food and Metabolism
Unit 1:	Energy: Basic Concepts, Energy Imbalance, Concept of Metabolism, Metabolism of Carbohydrates, Lipids, and Proteins
Unit 2:	Anabolism and Catabolism, Caloric Requirement
Unit 3:	Factors Affecting Energy Requirement and Expenditure, Factors Affecting BMR (Basal Metabolic Rate)

Block-4:	Yogic Concept of Diet & Nutrition
Unit 1:	Concept of Ahara (Diet) and Mitahara (Moderation)
Unit 2:	Classification of Yogic Diet According to Traditional Texts
Unit 3:	Pathya and Apathya in Yogic Diet
Unit 4:	Diet According to Prakriti (Body Constitution) - Vata, Pitta, and Kapha

Block-5:	Swasthavritta
Unit 1:	Meaning, Definition, Aims, and Aspects of Swasthavritta
Unit 2:	Three Pillars of Swasthavritta
Unit 3:	Dincharya (Daily Regimen) & Ratricharya (Night Regimen)
Unit 4:	Ritucharya (Seasonal Regimen)

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Balkrishna, A.(2013) .Ayurveda Sidhant Rahasya. ,Divya Prakashan.
- Balkrishna, A. (2016). Ayurveda Jadi-Buti Rahasya. Divya Prakashana.
   Gaur, S.K. (2019). Ayurvediya Shareer Kriya Vigyan. Nath Pustak Bhandar.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Stanley Davidson & others: Human Nutrition & Dietetics, The English Language Book Society & Churchill Livings, Revised Edition
- 2. Dennis Thompson: The Ayurvedic Diet, New age books, New Delhi, 2001.

## COURSE DETAILS – 7 SUBJECT NAME – INTRODUCTION TO AYURVEDA

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-GE-107 (Elective)**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Understand the basic principles of Ayurveda.
- Have knowledge of different techniques used in Ayurveda to cure general ailments.
- Have basic knowledge of Panchkarma and useful domestic herbal remedies.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

After the completion of this course the student will be able to

- COs 1- Describe holistic approach of Ayurveda.
- COs 2- Apply and spread scientific use of ayurveda treatment.
- COs 3- Utilize basic knowledge of Panchkarma for keeping good health

Block-1:	Introduction to Ayurveda in General
Unit 1:	General introduction to Ayurveda; Definition, aim, origin, history and propagation
Unit 2:	An overview of the primary Ayurvedic literature, such as the Sushruta Samhita and Charaka Samhita
Unit 3:	Ayurvedic conception of health and its use in prevention and promotion of health.
Unit 4:	Ayurvedic fundamentals: Prakruti & Manas, Pancha Mahabhuta, Trimala, Tridosha, and Saptadhatu

Block-2:	Fundamentals of Ayurveda	
Unit 1:	Agni, Srotas, and Ama's concept The Ayurvedic concept of Dharniya and Adharniya Vega	
Unit 2:	Dravya, Guna, Karma, Virya, Vipaka, and Prabhava are introduced. Health and Disease Factors	

Unit 3:	Ayurvedic method of diagnosis and examination. Disease Types, Four	
	Treatment Pillars, and Body-Mind Treatment Principles.	
Unit 4:	Characteristics of Vaidya and Shishya.	

Block-3:	Ahara and Panchkarma
Unit 1:	Concept of Upasthambha; Concept of Ahara, Aharapachana, Pathya&Apathya in Ayurveda
Unit 2:	Concept of Ojas in Ayurveda; Role of Ayurvedic diet in health and prevention
Unit 3:	Introduction to Panchkarma as ShodhanChikitsa with its three domain Poorvakarma (Snehan&Svedan), Pradhan karma (Vaman, Virechan, Vasti, Nasya, Raktamokshan) and Paschat karma (Pachan, Rasayan and Vazikaran).

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Balkrishna, A.(2013) .Ayurveda Sidhant Rahasya. ,Divya Prakashan.
- 2. Balkrishna, A. (2016). Ayurveda Jadi-Buti Rahasya. Divya Prakashana .
- 3. Gaur, S.K.(2019). Ayurvediya Shareer Kriya Vigyan. Nath Pustak Bhandar.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Stanley Davidson & others: Human Nutrition & Dietetics, The English Language Book Society & Churchill Livings, Revised Edition
- 2. Dennis Thompson: The Ayurvedic Diet, New age books, New Delhi, 2001.

#### **SUBJECT NAME – INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL EDUCATION (Elective)**

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-GE -108 (Elective)**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- The module is prescribed in the course to inform the students about the role of Physical education on holistic health & development
- Provide knowledge of emerging trends in physical education.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

After the completion of this course the student will be able to

- COs 1- Describe and understand the basic concepts of Physical Education.
- COs 2- Apply the knowledge of physical education for their physical development.
- COs 3- Explain emerging trends of physical education in current scenario

Block-1:	Introduction to Physical Education
Unit 1:	Definition of Physical Education, Aim, and Objectives
Unit 2:	Principles of Physical Education
Unit 3:	Relationship of Physical Education with General Education
Unit 4:	Misconceptions Regarding Physical Education and Personality Development

Block-2:	Philosophical aspect of Physical Education	
Unit 1:	Meaning of Philosophy, Role of Philosophy in Physical Education	
Unit 2:	Different Philosophies Applied to Physical Education- Idealism. Pragmatis, Realism,	
	Naturalism, Existentialism	
Unit 3:	Need and Importance of Different Philosophies in Modern Physical Education Program.	

Block-3:	Biological Concept of Physical Education

Unit 1:	Definition and Importance of Biological Principles, Growth and	
	Development	
Unit 2:	Heredity and environment, Somato types, Sex differences	
Unit 3:	Use, Disuse and Over use, Chronological, physiological and anatomical ages	

Block-4:	Emerging Trends in Physical Education
Unit 1:	Career opportunities in Physical Education and Sports: As a Physical Education teacher,
	Coach / trainee ,Gym instructor, Physiotherapist.Psychologist., Dietitian.,Sports
	administrator/manager, Rehabilitator Adventure SportsWater Sports
Unit 2:	Worldwide therapeutic acceptance of Yoga, Fast growing professional in sports.

- 1. Kamlesh M.L., "Physical Education, Facts and foundations", Faridabad P.B. Publications.
- 2. Barrow Harold M., "Man and movements principles of Physical Education", 1978.
- 3. Ravanes R.S., "Foundation of Physical Education", Houghton Millin Co. Boston USA (1978)

### COURSE DETAILS – 9 SUBJECT NAME – COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-AECC-101**

CREDIT: 2	CA: 20	SEE: 30	MM: 50

#### **Course Objectives:**

#### The course will

- Introduce the basic concepts of effective communication skills.
- Improve English communication of the students.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After the completion of this course the students will be able to

- COs 1- Read and Write the English texts.
- COs 2 Establish efficient social relations with different cultures.

Block-1:	Concept of Communication	
Unit 1:	Communication definition and concept	
Unit 2:	Process, Elements and steps/phase of Communication	
Unit 3:	Means, Methods, Mode of Communication	
Unit 4:	Verbal-oral-written Communication. Non-verbal-sign language, Body	
	Language.	

Block-2:	Flow and Barriers of Communication	
Unit 1:	Flow of Communication: Formal/Informal.	
Unit 2:	Barriers of Communication- Intrapersonal, interpersonal & organizational	
Unit 3:	Recapitulation- Linguistic Communication, Patter of Communication, Group	
	Discussion	
Unit 4:	History of English Communication and print Media in India.	

Block-3:	Grammar and Usage	
Unit 1:	Noun, Pronoun, Verb	
Unit 2:	Adjective, Preposition, Conjunction	
Unit 3:	Rules (Translation, Punctuation, Capitalization and Abbreviation Rules)	
Unit 4:	Subject-Verb Agreement Rules, Sentence Correction Rules	

Block-4:	Literature	
Unit 1:	Active and Passive Voice	
Unit 2:	Direct and Indirect Speech, Suffixes and Prefixes	
Unit 3:	Antonyms and synonyms, Homophones and Homonyms & Letter writing	
Unit 4:	Literature Summary: Key Aspects of Ramanujan's Life and Work	

- 1. Power of Communication: Skills to Build Trust, Inspire Loyalty, and Lead effectively, by Helio Fred Garcia, 2012
- 2. Pone Communicates, Few Connect: What the Most Effective People Do Differently. Maxwell, 2010
- 3. Interviewing: A Programmed Approach to Effective Communication, by David Dans, Margaret T. Hearn, Max R. Uhlemann and Allen E. Ivey, 2010
- 4. Art and Science of Communication: Tools for Effective Communication in the place, by P. S. Perkins and Les Brown, 2008
- 5. Listening Effective Groups: The Art of Small Group Communication, by Randy Fujishin,

# M.A. PSYCHOLOGY SEMESTER II

#### SUBJECT NAME – COUNSELING PSYCHOLOGY

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-201**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To gain the knowledge about guidance and counseling
- To know about importance of counseling in real life.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1- Adept in understanding about Counselling along with Practicum importance & experience.
- COs 2- Describe and explain the moral values of behaviour very well.
- COs 3- Apply counselling skills education, research, health, business, career and social areas of life.

Block-1:	Counselling Psychology
Unit 1:	Nature of Counselling Psychology
Unit 2:	The Counsellor as a Role Model
Unit 3:	The Counsellor's Needs, Emotional Involvement, and Counsellor Limits in Practice
Unit 4:	Difference Between Counseling and Psychotherapy

Block-2:	<b>Expectations and Goals of Counseling</b>
Unit 1:	Goals and Expectations of Counseling
Unit 2:	The Process of Counseling
Unit 3:	Basic Counseling Skills
Unit 4:	Role and Functions of the Counselor

Block-3:	The Counselling Interview
Unit 1:	History Taking
Unit 2:	Interviewing (Characteristics, Types, Techniques)
Unit 3:	Developing Case Histories
Unit 4:	Working with Other Professionals

Block-4:	Areas of Counseling
Unit 1:	Educational Counseling
Unit 2:	Career Counseling
Unit 3:	Family and Marital Counseling
Unit 4:	Counseling in Community Centers

Block-5:	Ethics in Counseling
Unit 1:	Need for Ethical Standards
Unit 2:	Ethical Codes and Guidelines
Unit 3:	Rights of Clients
Unit 4:	Dimensions of Confidentiality

- 1. C.J. Gelso and B.R. Fretz (1995). Counseling Psychology. Bangalore: Prism Books Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. A. David (2004). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: Common Wealth Publishers.
- 3. S. Gladding (2009), Counseling: A Comprehensive Profession, New Delhi: Pearson Eduation.
- 4. T.S. Sodi and S.P. Suri (2006). Guidance and Counseling. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. S.N. Rao (2002). Counseling and Guidance, New Delhi: McGraw Hill
- 6. Amarnath Rai and Madhu Asthana (2006). Guidance and Counselling. Varanasi: Motilal Banarasidas.

#### SUBJECT NAME - PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-202**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To develop understanding of the various manifestations of psychopathology.
- To familiarize with DSM IV and ICD II to classificatory systems in the context of diagnosis of various psychiatric/psychological disorders.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1-Describe the basic concepts of mental health.
- COs 2-Spread awareness about mental health issues.
- COs 3-Identify the symptoms, causes and treatment of mental disorders.

Block-1:	Models of Mental Illness
Unit 1:	Overview of DSM-5 (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders) and ICD-10 (International Classification of Diseases)
Unit 2:	Historical Views of Abnormal Behavior
Unit 3:	Defining Normality and Abnormality
Unit 4:	Factors Influencing Mental Illness and Theories

Block-2:	Brain & Behaviour
Unit 1:	Concept of Brain & Behaviour
Unit 2:	Nervous System - Brain: Structure & Functions
Unit 3:	Spinal Cord & Other Parts of the Brain
Unit 4:	Peripheral Nervous System (SNS & ANS)

Block-3:	Anxiety Disorders
Unit 1:	The Nature of Anxiety and Autonomic Arousal
Unit 2:	Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD)
Unit 3:	Panic Disorder, Phobia
Unit 4:	Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder (OCD)

Block-4:	Mood Disorders
Unit 1:	Introduction to Mood Disorders
Unit 2:	Depressive Disorders
Unit 3:	Bipolar Disorder
Unit 4:	Treatment and Management of Mood Disorders

Block-5:	Psychotic and Cognitive Disorders
Unit 1:	Schizophrenia
Unit 2:	Cognitive Disorders

- 1. Buss, A.H. (1999). Psychopathology. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Lamm, A. (1997). Introduction to Psychopathology. New York: Sage Publications
- 3. Davison, G.C., & Neals, J.M. (1996). Abnormal Psychology. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- 4. Mohanty, G.B. (1998). Text Book of abnormal Psychology. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Singh, A.K. (2004). Modern Abnormal Psychology. Varanasi: Motilal and Banarashidas.
- 2. Veeraraghavan, V., & Singh, S. (2014). A textbook of Abnormal and Clinical Psychology. Mcgraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.

#### **SUBJECT NAME – PSYCHOMETRY**

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-203**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To gain familiarity with Psychometry and psychological measurement.
- To make students know about criteria of psychological test and the steps used in test construction.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

#### After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- COs 1- Describe the various aspects of Psychometry along with its applications.
- COs 2- Apply obtained knowledge in various settings like counseling and guidance.
- COs 3- Construct psychological tools.

Block-1:	Foundations of Psychometric
Unit 1:	Basics of Measurement Theory
Unit 2:	Speed vs. Power Test
Unit 3:	History of Psychological Testing

Block-2:	Test Construction
Unit 1:	Item Writing and Method of Scoring
Unit 2:	Steps in Test Construction
Unit 3:	Item Analysis – Meaning and Purpose, Item Difficulty, Difficulty Value, and Index of Discrimination

Block-3:	Standardization of tests
Unit 1:	Types of norms,
Unit 2:	Specificity of norms

Block-4:	Reliability and Validity
Unit 1:	Reliability: Meaning and Methods, Factors Influencing Reliability
Unit 2:	Validity: Meaning and Types, Factors Influencing Validity of the Test

Block-5:	Application of Tests
Unit 1:	Applications of Psychological Testing in Education
Unit 2:	Applications of Psychological Testing in Counseling and Guidance
Unit 3:	Applications of Psychological Testing in Other Settings
Unit 4:	Ethical Issues in Psychological Testing

- 1. Guilford, J. P. (1989). Psychometric Methods, New Jersey: John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. C. Jackson (2003). Understanding Psychological Testing, Mumbai: Jaico Publishings House.
- 3. Nunnaly, J. C. (1978). Psychometric Theory. New York: McGraw Hill.
- 4. Chandha, N. K. (1996). Theory and Practice of Psychometry. New Delhi: New Age international Publishers.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 5. Chadha, N. K. (2009). Applied Psychometry. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 6. Singh, A.K. (1997). Tests, Measurement, Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences Patna: Bharati Bhawan.

#### SUBJECT NAME – HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

#### **SUBJECT CODE - MPs-CT-204**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To familiarize students with the concept of health psychology to live healthy life.
- To orient the students about management of stress.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- COs 1- Adept in the knowledge of psycho-somatic & somato -psychic approach of psychology and its relation with health.
- COs 2- Manage stress effectively.
- COs 3- Provide help in health sectors.

Block-1:	Introduction to Health Psychology
Unit 1:	Definition of Health Psychology, Early Research Literature in Health Psychology
Unit 2:	Current Research Literature in Health Psychology
Unit 3:	Health Psychology in India

Block-2:	Being a Health Psychologist and the Mind-Body Connection,
Unit 1:	The Role of a Health Psychologist in India, Traditional View of the Mind-Body Connection
Unit 2:	Psychosomatic Medicine, Behavioral Medicine

Block-3:	Stress and Illness
Unit 1:	Meaning and Sources of Stress

Unit 2:	Psychoneuroimmunology: Stress, Mood, and Immune Functioning		
Unit 3:	Social Support and Immune Functioning		
Unit 4:	Stress and Cardiovascular Disorders: Hypertension and Coronary Heart Disease (CHD)		

Block-4:	Coping with Stress
Unit 1:	Coping Process
Unit 2:	Problem Solving and Emotional Regulation
Unit 3:	Cognition and Coping
Unit 4:	Causal Attributions, Explanatory Styles, and Eastern Approaches

Block-5:	The Future of Health Psychology
Unit 1:	Key Focus Areas in Health Psychology
Unit 2:	Emerging Challenges and Solutions in Health Psychology

- 1. Dimatteo, M.R. & Martin, L.R. (2010). Health Psychology. New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Baum, A., R.J. Gatchel, R. J. & Krantz, D.S (1997). An Introduction to Health Psychology. New York: McGraw Hill.
- 3. Baum, A., Revenson, T.A & Singer, J.E. (2001). Handbook of Health Psychology. New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum.
- 4. Taylor, S.E. (1994). Health Psychology. New York: Random House.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

5. Khokhar, C.P. (2007). A Text Book of Stress Coping and Health Meerut: Shalab Publication.

#### **SUBJECT NAME - PRACTICUM II**

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-CT-205**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To give an understanding of psychological tests with clinical practice applications.
- Introduction to the general principles of psychology through experimentation and testing.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- COS 1-Detect different mental illnesses using psychological tests.
- COs 2- Present scientific report of psychological qualities.
- COs 3- Carry out psychological testing across all aspects of life.

#### **List of Practicum:**

#### ➤ Any five of the following:¬

- 1. Defense Mechanism
- 2. Emotional Maturity Scale
- 3. Attribution Style
- 4. Adjustment Inventory
- 5. Mental Health Scale/Inventory
- 6. Muller Lyer
- 7. Two Hand Coordination
- 8. Maze learning
- 9. Aggression Scale
- 10. Judging Emotions by Photographs

#### **SUBJECT NAME – YOGA, HEALTH AND TOURISM (Elective)**

#### **SUBJECT CODE - MPs-GE-206**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To upgrade the knowledge of the latest trends in tourism particularly the health tourism in the country.
- Enable the students to define the trends, issues and challenges in the field of health tourism in India.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- COs 1- Explain about the aspects and importance of health tourism.
- COs 2- Aware of various government policies related to medical tourism.
- COs3- Explain the basic concepts of health and medical tourism.

Block-1:	Introduction of Ancient Indian Culture			
Unit 1:	The main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture: Vishwa- Bandhutva, Sarva			
	Dharm-Sambhav, The wonderful amalgamation of materiality and spirituality			
Unit 2:	Geographical and ethnic profile			
Unit 3:	Vedic Literature: Vedas, Brahman Granth, Aranyak, Upanishad, Vedang and			
	Sutra Sahitya			

Block-2:	Political Ideas and Institutions	
Unit 1:	Origin, nature and functions of State	
Unit 2:	Theories of kingship	
Unit 3:	Republics, Monarchy and its feudal transformations	

Block-3:	Social Institutions

Unit 1:	Origin and development of Varna system, Ashram System- Antiquity of the Ashram and its importance
Unit 2:	Position of women- their abilities and limitations, proprietary rights and right to education

Block-4:	<b>Educational Institutions</b>
Unit 1:	Education and educational Institutions: Concept and Aims, Relation between Master and disciple, centre of learning- Taxilla, Nalanda and Vikramshila
Unit 2:	Sanskar: Spiritual and material life education
Unit 3:	Purusharth: Teaching of Karma

Block-5:	Religious System
TT . 4 1	W. die Delieiene Diese die Delieiene Wendelin werden end de neiendigte
Unit 1:	Vedic Religion: Rigvedic Religion: Worship system and its scientific
	interpretation, Religion of Later Vedic Period: Worship system, Spiritual
	development, invaluable treasure of spiritual thought
Unit 2:	Life and teaching of Jain
Unit 3:	Life and teaching of Buddha, Shavishm, Vaishnavism and other Religious
	system

#### **TEXTBOOKS**

- 1. P.V. Kane: History of Dharmashatra Vol. I & II
- 2. P.H. Prabhu: Hindu Social Organization
- Jai Shankar Mishra: Prachin Bharat Ka Samajik Itihas
   R.B. Pandey: Hindu Sanskar

#### SUBJECT NAME - PRINCIPLES OF VOCAL MUSIC

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-GE-207 (Elective)**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- The course intends to upgrade the knowledge of vocal music..
- Enable the students to understand the basic concepts of vocal music.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- COs 1- Describe the basic concepts of Vocal Music along with its applications.
- COs 2- Explain the general principle of vocal music.
- COs3- Lead their life meaningful and happy.

Block-1:	Basic Definitions in Indian Classical Music	
Unit 1:	Sangeet, Dhwani, Nada, Swara, Saptak, Alankar, Laya, Sama, Taal, Vadi,	
	Samvadi, Vivadi, Anuvadi, Aroh, Avroh, Pakad, Khayal, Sthai, Antra, Thaat	
	& its Names, Raag, Alaap, Jaati, Bhajan, Lokgeet, Lakshan Geet, Thumri	
Unit 2:	Parichay of Raag Bhairav	

Block-2:	The Origins of Sangeet and Sound
Unit 1:	Alankars and Swarlipi Paddhati of Vishnu Narayan Bhatkhande & Vishnu
	Digambar Palushkar
Unit 2:	Relation Between Life and Music
Unit 3:	Swastivachan Mantras, Patriotic Songs, Arya Samaj Bhajans, and Tansen

Block-3:	Twelve Swaras in Saptak
Unit 1:	Practice of "Om" in Khadaj Swar

Unit 2:	Twenty Alankars According to Kramik Pustak Malika-I
Unit 3:	Practice of Chota Khyal in Raag Bhairav and Two Taan

Block-4:	Koolgeet and Yagya Prarthna	
Unit 1:	Practice of Koolgeet and Yagya Prarthna	
Unit 2:	Practice of Five Swastivachan Mantras, Practice of Patriotic Songs	
Unit 3:	Practice of Arya Samaj Bhajans and Hori Song	

1. Hamady, J. The Art Of Singing. Hal Leonard Corporation.

#### SUBJECT NAME - ASPECTS OF ANCIENT INDIAN CULTURE

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-GE-208 (Elective)**

CREDIT: 4	CA: 30	SEE: 70	MM: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To connect students with Indian culture, Institutions and religion.
- Create a sense of national unity among the students.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- COs 1- Adept in aspects of ancient Indian Culture.
- COs 2- Create a healthy environment by knowing the religious systems.
- COs3- Respect and spread awareness about Indian culture and religion.

Block-1:	Introduction of Ancient Indian Culture	
Unit 1:	The main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture: Vishwa- Bandhutva, Sarva Dharm-Sambhav, The wonderful amalgamation of materiality and spirituality	
Unit 2:	Geographical and ethnic profile	
Unit 3:	Vedic Literature: Vedas, Brahman Granth, Aranyak, Upanishad, Vedang and	
	Sutra Sahitya	

Block-2:	Political Ideas and Institutions
Unit 1:	Origin, nature and functions of State
Unit 2:	Theories of kingship
Unit 3:	Republics, Monarchy and its feudal transformations

Block-3:	Social Institutions
Unit 1:	Origin and development of Varna system, Ashram System- Antiquity of the Ashram and its importance

Unit 2:	Position of women- their abilities and limitations, proprietary rights and right to
	education

Block-4:	<b>Educational Institutions</b>
Unit 1:	Education and educational Institutions: Concept and Aims, Relation between Master and disciple, centre of learning- Taxilla, Nalanda and Vikramshila
Unit 2:	Sanskar: Spiritual and material life education
Unit 3:	Purusharth: Teaching of Karma

Block-5:	Religious system
Unit 1:	Vedic Religion: Rigvedic Religion: Worship system and its scientific
	interpretation, Religion of Later Vedic Period: Worship system, Spiritual
	development, invaluable treasure of spiritual thought
Unit 2:	Life and teaching of Jain
Unit 3:	Life and teaching of Buddha, Shavishm, Vaishnavism and other Religious
	system

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. P.V. Kane: History of Dharmashatra Vol. I & II
- 2. P.H. Prabhu: Hindu Social Organization
- 3. Jai Shankar Mishra: Prachin Bharat Ka Samajik Itihas
- 4. R.B. Pandey: Hindu Sanskar

#### **SUBJECT NAME - COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

#### **SUBJECT CODE – MPs-SECC-101**

CREDIT: 2	CA: 20	SEE: 30	MM: 50

#### **Course Objectives:**

- The module is prescribed in the course to inform the students about the role of Computer Information systems in travel and trade.
- The prescribed units enhance the skills of students especially when they will be attached for practical.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- COs 1- Describe the basic concepts of computer knowledge.
- COs 2- Apply computer knowledge in various organization sectors.
- COs 3- Improve their technical skills.

Block-1:	Computer System
Unit 1:	Introduction to Computers, Characteristics of Computers
Unit 2:	Applications of Computers
Unit 3:	Different Units of a Computer: Central Processing, Memory, Storage

Block-2:	Windows & MS Office
Unit 1:	Windows Operating System
Unit 2:	MS Office: MS Word, MS Excel & MS PowerPoint

Block-3:	Network and Communication
Unit 1:	Networking: Concept and Types
Unit 2:	Devices Used in Networking
Unit 3:	Basic Communication Components, Types of Transmission

Block-4:	Internet and Hotel & Travel Software
Unit 1:	Internet: Concept and Uses, Email: Opening an Account
Unit 2:	Information and Communication Technology (ICT)
Unit 3:	Computer Reservation System (CRS): Different Packages Used in Travel &
	Tourism Industry

- 1. Leon Alexis and Mathews Leon: Introduction to Computers, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi
- 2. Bhatnagar S C and Ramani K V: Computers and information management. A Primer for Practicing Managers, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Bansundara, S: Computer Today.
- 4. Goel Ritender and D N Kakkar: Computer Application in Management, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.